OFFICIAL REPORT.
George P. Rowell & Co., the leading authority on newspaper information, says: "The FORT WAYNE SENTINEL, published at Fort Wayne, Ind., has the highest circulation rating accorded to any daily in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis."

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
All the coupons of the "Sentinel" for the different photographic portfolios that we are now offering will be found together on the last column of the third page.

ESTABLISHED 1833. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1894. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Kid Gloves, Hosiery, Underwear, Corsets, Wash Goods.

We Offer—
EXCEPTIONAL VALUES
In the Above Lines of Goods.

See Them Before Making a Purchase.

KID GLOVES
We have greatly improved our Kid Glove Department.

We carry the best makes in all Lengths and Shades.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

EASTER HATS!

We are showing the largest stock of high class headgear in the city. Sole agents for

Knox, Youmans, Wilcox
—HATS!

We also have a complete and new line of

MEN'S FURNISHINGS,
Which are the newest and latest design and Patterns.

Neckwear.
We have the latest patterns and shapes, which are the Cassimir, Natural Knut, De Joinville, Etc., in all the spring shades.

WM. MEYER & BRO.
Rooms 5 and 7 Arcade.

Columbia Bicycle Tires
A difference of opinion exists among riders regarding the merits of the single and inner tube tires, and a choice of the two styles is offered on the 1894 Columbia wheels. You can have the strongest, resilient and easily repaired Columbia single tube or their new inner tube, which you will unhesitatingly pronounce far ahead of any other tire of this type. Full particulars in catalogue, which you can obtain from
A. B. WHITE, Agent.
8 ARCADE.

Confirmation Suits!
ALL TAILOR MADE.
Black, $6.50 and $8.00.
Blue-Black, $8.75, $10.50 to $13.00.

We guarantee them to be perfect in style and workmanship.

J. G. THIEME & SON.
Cor. Columbia and Clinton Sts.

SENATE GETTING READY

For Its Discussion of the Tariff Bill.

The Democratic Members Desire to Push It With all the Speed Possible.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—It is understood that while the tariff bill is being considered in the senate, the house will probably dispose of all the appropriation bills, and it is likely that most of them will be rejected back and ready for consideration in the senate before the tariff bill is disposed of. These bills, like the tariff bill, will have the right of way, and will be liable to shut out all other measures except such as are unobjected to.

The democratic members of the finance committee desire to push the tariff bill with all speed, and it is probable that after the bill has been discussed for a week or two, they will ask that it be considered during the two hours after the senate meets in the morning, which is usually devoted to morning business and bills of minor importance. It is also intended, very soon or within two weeks after the bill is taken up, to lengthen the hour of session and begin at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, instead of 12 as at present. If there should be any disposition on the part of the opponents of the bill to prolong the discussion of the tariff, that speeches were being made for the purpose of delay, the two hours are to be still further increased. It is not probable, however, that any attempt at extraordinary length of sessions will be proposed as long as there is legitimate debate, and senators have opportunity to make it is well known, however, that as long as the finance committee continue to push the bill it will be next to impossible to transact other business. There is now a rush to get through with pending legislation, and it is probable that next Thursday, if he has had time the senate will adjourn over until Monday, until the tariff bill is disposed of.

The house committee on invalid pensions is devoting some attention to a bill which makes it unlawful for any person to wilfully communicate or cause to be communicated to United States officials performing duties connected with pensions, a false statement with intent to thereby defeat or suspend the granting or payment of pension to any pensioner or applicant. The bill was introduced by Chairman Martin.

Senator Brice, of Ohio, is now the chief mover for the friends of democratic senators, thinks the tariff bill as reported from the committee will now pass the senate, but the senate amendments will be materially changed in the house and in conference before the bill is finally agreed upon. As the bill now stands he says it is not satisfactory to all the democratic senators, nor is it believed that it will be impossible to get a bill that will satisfy all. He thinks it will be debated about two months in the senate, that there will be some more changes, but the bill will pass substantially as it now stands. There will be a fight against the income tax feature and against the abrogation of the reciprocity treaties, but neither will be retained in the bill. There will be enough republicans, says Mr. Brice, voting with the democrats to keep the income tax in the bill. Senator Brice said that the changes had made such as will prevent vigorous opposition. Senator Gorman, of Maryland, had had his thought, with probably few small changes, the bill would likely to pass with the support of the democrats of the senate. He thought that it had now been changed, he understood it, in such a way as to be more satisfactory than it was when it was first presented.

PARLIAMENTARY POSITIONS.

More than one half of the whole number of presidential offices have been filled by nominations sent to the senate since the incoming of the present administration. This is brought out in a comparative statement prepared at the postoffice department. It is shown that the number of executive appointments by the last administration, from March 4, 1889, to March 4, 1893, was 31,866. There were thirty-two presidential appointments made on March 18, 1893. The nominations made by this administration between March 4, 1893, and March 13, 1894, are 1,721. The total number of political postoffices in operation March 13 last, was 3,424. Figures on appointments of fourth class postmasters for the former Cleveland administration and the Harrison administration are given on the basis of sixteen years, as official statements then covered the fiscal year and included from March 4 to July 1, of the first year of each administration. In the twelve months of the present administration the number of changes of fourth-class postmasters was 22,012. The changes for the sixteen months ended June 30, 1886, aggregated 20,881; for the first sixteen months of the Harrison administration the number was 21,618, and the monthly average of appointments of both presidential and fourth-class postmasters during the Harrison administration was 1,640 and for the present administration, 1,651.

COMMITTEE SEEMS CORRUPT.

Charges that Indianapolis Politicians are Paid by Clubs.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 21.—Local republican circles are considerably agitated today over a circumstantial charge that members of the county central committee are using their positions for the purpose of forwarding the claims of certain candidates for nominations and that the committeemen thus engaged have received money for their influence. A gentleman prominent in county politics was approached by one of the committeemen and solicited to go into a combination for the nomination of a certain aspirant and was assured that there was money enough in it to justify him giving the matter attention. Members of the committee, it is said, have gone so far as to arrange delegate slates for certain aspirants and the latter are said to have contributed to the fund with which the committeemen are paid.

THEOSOPHISTS DISAGREE

Colonel Olcott Prefers Charges Against Wm. Q. Judge

And Demands His Retirement From Office for Teaching Tenets Not Accepted by Theosophists.

NEW YORK, March 21.—The adherents of theosophy are in commotion over the action of Col. H. S. Olcott, the reorganized leader of the sect, in preferring charges against William Q. Judge, the head of the American society, of "misuse of the names and handwriting of the Mahatmas," or "Masters," and of teaching tenets of theosophy not accepted by the "Adepts."

In the letter which conveyed the news of the accusations two alternatives were offered to Mr. Judge—first, to retire from all offices held in the theosophical society and permit the publication of a general explanation, and second to have the charges investigated by a judicial committee convened according to the rules governing the society.

The first alternative Mr. Judge has declined to accept, because he does not think a committee of the society ought to pass upon a doctrinal question, which has hitherto been left to the individual to settle with his own consciences.

"These charges are all bosh, nonsense and rubbish," Mr. Judge said. "There is not a word of truth in them. I believe in the existence of the perfected Mahatmas, but it is ridiculous to say that I have made use of their alleged influence in my correspondence. As for performing miracles, there are no such things as miracles. The charges are flimsy and foolish, but I am very sorry that they have been made."

COXEY'S ARMY.

Great Preparations for the Movement in New Almaden Campaign.

HIGHLAND, Ohio, March 21.—Today's mail brought the leaders of the Coxey movement a large number of letters from points of the country. From all along the route of the proposed march offers are being constantly received to furnish provisions, horses, wagons, printing presses, and in fact almost everything that will be needed by the army.

Many letters also continue to come from various places, stating that companies are being raised to join the march, and asking instructions as to what points and on what dates junctions can be formed. Tonight Coxey and Brown will address the farmers' meeting at New Berlin.

GAS EXPLOSION.

A Child Killed and Several Persons Injured.

HARWOOD CITY, Ind., March 21.—News has been received here that the residence of Eli Clark, seven miles south of here, was destroyed by an explosion of natural gas this morning. A child was burned to death and six others were dangerously injured.

WORK ON TOP.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—The Building Association league of Pennsylvania, has appointed a committee to prepare and forward to congress and members of affiliated organizations a memorial praying for the defeat of the proposed clause of the Wilson bill imposing a tax on building associations.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, March 21.—Wheat, steady; cash, 59¼c; May, 57¼c; July, 59¼c.

Corn, steady; cash, 35½c; May, 37½@35½c; July, 36@36½c.

Oats, easy; cash, 30½c; May, 30½c; July, 27½c.

Pork, higher; May, $10.95; July, $10.97.

Lard, higher; May, $6.52½; July, $6.45.

Ribs, higher; May, $5.70; July, $5.57½.

Rye, No. 2 quiet; 56c.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, Ohio, March 21.—Wheat, higher; active; No. 2, cash and March, 59½c; May, 59½c; July, 59½c.

Corn, firm; No. 2, 37c bid; May, 37½c.

Oats, firm; No. 2 mixed 32c; No. 2 white, 34c.

Rye, dull; cash, 62½c bid.

Clover seed, easier; prime, cash and March, $5.60; April, $5.45; July, $4.80.

Fort Wayne Markets.

FT. WAYNE, March 21.—Flour—Spring wheat, $4.00; No 1 red, $3.25; second class family, [illegible]; Graham, 60c per sack.

Wheat—53c.
Oats—28c
Corn—36@40c.
Rye—60c.
Oil Meal—Per cwt, $1.60.
Corn Meal—Per cwt, $1.25@1.50.
Clover Seed—$5.40.
Timothy Seed—$1.50
Hay Loose—$4.00@1.10.
Barley—50c
Hay—$10@12 per ton.
Butter—20@22c.
Eggs—16c.
Hides—Green 3c; salted, 3½c.
Tallow—4c@4½c.

THE DEFENDANT'S STORY

Miss Pollard's Attorneys Are Through With Witnesses,

And the Defendant's Attorneys Take Up the Case in Behalf of Their Client.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Colonel Breckinridge and his right-hand man, Attorney Ben Butterworth, were late in arriving in the criminal court, not appearing until after the roll call of jurors, and until after Miss Pollard, with five very pale but apparently composed, had waited several minutes in her seat. The two gray heads of the defendant and his leading lawyer were bent together in a brief consultation as Miss Pollard walked around the witness stand. Her face showed lines of worry and a sleepless night as she faced the audience for the fourth day. Then Mr. Butterworth began by inquiring if Miss Pollard had the contract with James Rhodes, to which she replied that the contract had been given to Rhodes.

There had never been a settlement, but in 1885 she had given him a note for three times the amount he had advanced for her schooling.

"I had never paid Mr. Rhodes because I never had any money to pay anybody or anything," she said.

Their correspondence had continued after she came to Washington. Mrs. Dr. Mary Logan had not recognized her when they first met in Cincinnati, but had before they had parted. Miss Pollard was going on to explain about that meeting when Mr. Butterworth cautioned her that she must not wander from the subject, protesting that he was anxious to treat her with perfect fairness.

"I beg your pardon, Mr. Butterworth," she replied, "I know you treat me fairly and I am very grateful. I am so full of things I want to tell you I can't keep them back."

There was a short little tilt between lawyer Butterworth and Wilson over the answering of questions after this, which Judge Bradley answered by declaring that the witness was not obliged to answer a question just in the form desired by the examiner. Back to the auto-biography in the New York World, came Mr. Butterworth. Objection was made by Mr. Wilson that it had been thrashed over in testimony and the same was held by the judge.

"What was the fact about your adopting the name of Breckinridge," asked Mr. Butterworth.

"When I first used the name, Mr. Breckinridge and I talked it over. He said I might use the name and I had my card plate made with it in 1889 or 1890," was the answer in explanation of the statement in the newspaper article.

"I am very weary this morning and hardly able to go on." Nevertheless, the plaintiff continued to be mistress of the situation, for she had been asked about the trunk she had at Dr. Street's, in Cincinnati, during her first confinement, and Mr. Butterworth rose from his manuscript, she insisted that he should give her undivided attention before she would continue.

Great stress has been laid by the defense upon the description of the trunk, which seems to be important to their case.

"That's all, Miss Pollard," said Mr. Butterworth to the surprise of the court. The plaintiff in black and Sister Ellis disappeared through the side door, he remarking that they had no questions for her. Then said Mr. Carlisle:

"The plaintiff rests her case here."

The plaintiff had been under cross fire for two days and over, during which every phase of her case has been reviewed from every light, but her attorneys did not consider it necessary to strengthen or explain any of her statements by re-direct examination. They had in reserve other witnesses and affidavits, but these they did not use.

There was a rustling in the Breckinridge camp of conversation and documents, after which Mr. Butterworth asked for a few moments for his side for consultation and the defendant, his son Scott, and five attorneys tripped out through the door by which Miss Pollard had made her exit.

"The delegation from Kentucky retires for conference," remarked a gentleman who has attended political conventions.

The Breckinridge forces were in retirement twenty minutes. Then Colonel John T. Shelby, the Lexington, Kentucky, law partner of Colonel Breckinridge, a short, pale man with light mustache, partly bald head and spectacles, stood the jury to outline the defense.

Without the case was technically one for breach of promise, he said, it includes a wider scope. I am authorized by the defendant to say, and it will be corroborated by his solemn oath, that he did not seduce her, that it never was made known to him that she had ever had any children by him by filing this suit but August, nor did he ever under any circumstances make any promise of marriage to her. The defense did not intend to condemn what was wrong in the relations of the two, and it was only by the truth that the defendant wanted to be judged."

Outlining what would be the defense, he related that Miss Pollard had accosted Colonel Breckinridge on the train, before which time he had never seen her, that he had supposed he ought to know her, having reached that time of life when he was forgetful of faces. She introduced herself, saying her father was a great admirer of John C Breckinridge and had named her after him. Several weeks afterward the letter asking advice as to her relations with Rhodes had been received. He had answered it telling her the legal aspects of the contract, to which he had replied fully.

After that he received the letter, the authenticity of which Miss Pollard had denied, but which would be fully proven, asking him to come to the seminary. He had written that he could not come. She had written another letter urging him to come to the Wesleyan college to see her, which he had declined to do. On the 1st of August, 1884, being in Cincinnati on business, it occurred to him that he had received the request to go to the Wesleyan college. Having nothing else to do he went to the college that day and saw her. He saw not an ignorant young girl, unacquainted with the ways of the world, for if there was one fact that would be established it was that the plaintiff was at least twenty or twenty one years of age, and it will be shown by the doctor who officiated at the birth of her next youngest sister, in 1895, when the plaintiff was then a little girl of two or three years of age, running about the house.

"When the colonel arrived at the institution," continued the attorney, "she came into the parlor and saw him, and explained the contract with Mr. Rhodes, which, in consideration of her paying for her schooling, she was to marry him. She asked if he could compel her to marry him, a strange question for an innocent school girl, and also told him that she had submitted her person to Mr. Rhodes. He told her that she was not obliged to carry out the contract. Then she asked him to take her to an entertainment on Vine street and he consented."

That Colonel Breckinridge had called a closed carriage that night was denied. It was declared that Miss Pollard had made the proposition that they ride instead of going to the concert. It was denied that Colonel Breckinridge had sent a telegram to Miss Pollard in the name of her mother to go to Lexington, but when he boarded the train that Friday he found her on it. Without any artifices being resorted on his part, a meeting had been arranged and she herself had proposed that they should go to the house of Sarah Guess, she explaining that she knew the house.

It was a matter of mutual agreement, but instead of going there Friday night Colonel Breckinridge had been in Cincinnati Friday and had not met her there until Saturday night. It will be shown that Mr. Rhodes had fallen behind in payment of her bills, being a man of few means and therefore she had been Wesleyan institute to an seminary at Lexington, several months having been made between herself and Mr. Rhodes unknown to Colonel Breckinridge until he met her one day on the street in Lexington.

The illicit relations in Lexington continued, meetings being arranged at irregular periods at Sarah's, and in February of 1885 Miss Pollard had left unknown to him. The statement that he had written letters from Cincinnati to her mother will be denied and the statement that she had given birth to a child in the foundling asylum near Cincinnati would be disproved by the testimony of Dr. Mary Logan.

John H. Rust this afternoon bought the old Washington house property for $12,500. We will erect a fine business block of six stories.

The fire department was called to the corner of Pontiac and Wayne streets this afternoon about 2 o'clock. A chimney was on fire. No damage.

Size for men.

Remember that this store is open for business from early morning till 11 at night, and that you can actually save money by buying your clothing and furnishing goods at the great manufacturer's sale of the "H. B. Ewing" stock of fine sample pieces now being disposed of at the cost of material and labor to produce them. Nothing like this sale has ever been seen in the city of Fort Wayne, nor ever will again, and those who even anticipate the purchase of a suit or overcoat within the next two years should not go blindly on and refuse to believe or investigate, for $200 is worth saving to any man, and should be sufficient inducement to make the effort now. Twenty-five dollars down, and $10 a month will secure a $165 Kimball piano for $228 at this house today. It won't do it next week, nor next month, nor next year. It is this week or never. No more time than one week can be devoted to selling pianos in this way. One gets mighty hungry selling pianos without a profit.

A. A. FRIEDE,
General Agent,
2 and 4 Arcade.

JESTS AND JOKELETS.

The impecunious—It is just as easy to love a girl with money as to love one without it. The Hebrews—But it isn't as easy to get her.

He—Were you cross in love? She—I thought I was once, but when I have read a few of these modern society novels, I have concluded that I wasn't.

Binks—What a magnificent library you have! Winks—Yes. When I think of the pile of money I've sunk in that collection of books it makes me feel quite intellectual.

Little Girl—I wish I was a princess. Don't you wish you was a prince? Little Boy—No, I don't. "Why not?" "Cause a prince has to wear his Sunday clothes every day."

She—Do you really and truly love me, Harry? He—Love you? Why, I even have a fondness for that nuisance of a brother of yours. She—Oh, Harry! You have made me so happy!

THE HOWLEY MURDER.

The Lawyers Making Their Arguments to the Jury.

Mr. Pape Wins His Case in Court—Weber Bound Over on a Criminal Charge.

The evidence in the Howley murder case was finished at noon today and the lawyers in the case are now making their speeches to the jury. P. H. Cotterick and William Ryan argue for the state and J. M. Robinson for the defendant.

The testimony is very convicting and shows conclusively that the prisoner is guilty of the crime of killing his mother. It also shows that the defendant was drunk at the time and that the murder really grew out of a drunken quarrel.

Mr. Robinson, by his witnesses, attempted to show that Hawley was insane at the time the murder was committed and is so today. The defendant was placed on the stand in proof of this, as were also a number of other witnesses. One witness said he knew Howley all his life; had worked with him three months at the Pennsylvania blacksmith shops as a helper, and in all that time had never heard him say a rational thing. He believed him of unsound mind then, and thinks him insane now.

The jury in the case of Sievers against Pape returned a verdict yesterday evening for the defendant, having been out just twenty-three hours. Sievers, it will be remembered, was injured in the elevator that broke in the Pape mill some time ago, and brought suit for $5,000 damages.

William F. Weber was held over in $300 by Justice Ryan for shooting at Sennie Herring. The evidence showed that Weber fired at Herring just as he was backing out of the door.

IN THE PENITENTIARIES.

More Prisoners Than Ever Before—Difficulty in Keeping Them Busy.

Indiana has more men in her two penitentiaries at present than at any time in the history of those institutions. How to house them comfortably and give them employment is becoming a serious question with the wardens. There are two objects in keeping the men employed. The work, in a measure, keeps the convicts from thinking of the cause which took them there, and the labor is a source of revenue to the state, which is spending nearly a million dollars a year on the benevolent and correctional institutions.

There are 937 men within the walls of the prison north, and the number in the prison south makes the total about 1,600. Both institutions are crowded. The prison at Michigan City has twelve 200 more than it ever had before at one time. A large number of the prisoners are idle. The usual method of employing the convicts is to let their labor out on contract by the day. The depression of business has caused the the contractors to have a smaller amount of work. At the prison north a number of men have been at work a short time casing chairs by the square foot instead of by the day. Other temporary work has been provided until contracts can be obtained.

The wardens say that while Indiana has many idle convicts the conditions are not as serious as in other western states. In Nebraska every prisoner in the penitentiary is idle. The increased number of prisoners in this state is probably due to the dull times. It is believed, the idle men being more easily led into crime.

AN A. O. U. W. AFFAIR.

Auburn Lodge Will Celebrate its First Anniversary.

The following gentlemen will compose a "love party" which will leave this city at 5 o'clock this evening for Auburn, Ind.: H. E. Drummond, A. P. Jackson, N. Conover, E. D. Scheiman, Otis Cherubain, Jonas Barrus, C. E. Reily, Albert W. Line, John H. Eplenberg and R. Miller. The object of the trip is to attend the celebration of the first anniversary of the organization of Auburn lodge, No. 12, A. O. U. W., which will be held this evening. The program includes an address by Grand Master Workman Neal and will close with a banquet. A year ago, when the reorganization of Auburn lodge was effected, many Fort Wayne A. O. U. W. men attended the exercises and have not yet ceased to talk of the hospitable reception they received at the hands of their Auburn brethren. Tonight's affair will undoubtedly be as interesting.

SCOTTISH RITE MASONS.

They Contribute Their Regular Spring Consecration.

The spring convocation of the Scottish Rite Masons was concluded this morning, when the degrees from the fifteenth to sixteenth were given. At noon a grand banquet was served. Yesterday the work was done by the Fort Wayne Grand Lodge of Perfection from four to fourteen inclusive, and the following candidates were initiated: J. E. Sunderland, F. H. Swearingen, W. A. Robertson, M. Herard, F. Hale and W. Stephen, all of this city; Sam D. Hanna, Auburn; Lemel Long, Andrews; Louis Kerr, Ligonier; W. L. Brown, Mentone; M. L. Chapler, Wabash; J. M. Curtner, Wabash; G. J. Shriver, Andrews. A large number of visitors were here from abroad.

STOCK THE STREAMS.

Fort Wayne Fishermen Should Be Allowed Their Interests.

The spent loving people of Fort Wayne should waken to the fact that black bass and other fine game fish can be secured free from the United States fish commission. Indianapolis is taking advantage of the fact as the following from the Sentinel, of that city, will show: "Under instructions of the Indiana fish and game protective association, Secretary Sharp last evening wrote to the United States fish commissioners ordering 100,000 black bass to be placed in White river. In addition to this he asked for as many ring spotted trout as could be furnished. It is expected from what has already been learned from the federal authorities that the fish can be delivered within a comparatively short time and it is the intention of the association to ultimately stock several of the principal streams of the state with game fish of high class."

MYSTERY CLEARED.

Mentone's Right Name Was Samuel H. Hammond.

He Was an Attorney at Fon du Lac, Wis., and His Parents Live in New York.

The mystery surrounding the death of F. R. Mentone at the St. Joseph hospital has been at last cleared. A few days ago THE SENTINEL published additional information concerning the man and this morning's Chicago Herald in a dispatch from Fon du lac, Wis., tells who the stranger really was.

The dispatch says: "The mysterious stranger giving the name of F. R. Mentone, who died at a hospital in Fort Wayne, Ind., after the amputation of his frozen feet, has been identified as Samuel H. Hammond, a former lawyer of this city. The identification was made by Attorney McKenna through a letter in Hammond's handwriting. Hammond came to Fon du Lac in 1876, and was for years a partner of J. M. Gillett. About two weeks before Christmas he received a fee of $60. He was an exceedingly bright man, but was addicted to the use of strong drink. It has been received his fee he told some of his friends that he was about to take a course at a gold cure establishment. T. J. Hoey, one of his friends, furnished him with funds to take the cure and he disappeared."

From Dr. C. B. Stonce it was this morning learned that the sisters at the St. Joseph hospital had also received a letter from Attorney McKenna, of Fon Du lac, stating that Mentone was formerly from New York and that he had relatives in that state who were wealthy and highly respected.

The body of Hammond is now being dissected by the pupils of the Fort Wayne College of Medicine but Dr. Stonce, dean of the college, has ordered further dissection stopped pending an investigation of the case. The body was acquired by the college according to the laws of the state and every effort was made to find the man's friends, but to no avail. Photographs were over taken of the man and sent to all the neighboring cities.

It now remains to be seen whether the relatives of the deceased will pay for the last sickness and burial of the unfortunate man.

TWO BIG FIRES.

A Chicago School Building Suffers From the Flames.

The Repair Shops of the Cleveland Electric Company Destroyed—Loss Over $50,000.

CHICAGO, March 21.—Fire in the South Evanston public school today caused a panic among the pupils. Several of the children jumped from the fourth floor and were injured, but only five of them were badly hurt. Those whose injuries may prove fatal are:

Newell Simonds, head and shoulders injured.

Ella Sagert, legs broken.

Percy Bradley, internally injured.

Esther Barden, fatally injured about the head.

Lucy Hobbie, ten years old, was found by the firemen lying unconscious on the third floor. She was badly burned and her recovery is doubtful.

The building, which is a total loss, was valued at $50,000. The pupils on the second floor of the building were driven by the flames and smoke to the upper stories, whence they were rescued by the firemen. Teachers and pupils were panic stricken and many were knocked down and trampled upon in the rush for the exits.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 21.—The repair shops of the Cleveland Electric company, located on Pearl street, caught fire shortly after 3:30 o'clock this morning. The flames had gained considerable headway before an alarm was turned in and spread with great rapidity. The repair shop, a one story building 100 feet long and nearly 100 feet wide, was burned to the ground. All the valuable machinery which it contained, including several motors, was completely destroyed. The loss will aggregate about $50,000, covered by insurance. The car barns were separated from the motor shop by a small alley way and the fire department, by dint of hard labor, managed to save them from the flames.

It's a Fact.

Apricots, best, 10c can.
Early June Peas, best, 10c can.
Corn, best, 8c can.
Peaches, best, 10c can.
Pumpkins, best, 3c can.
Breakfast Bacon, 10c per pound.
Hams, best, 10c per pound.

THE MARKET,
4 & 6 Hanover St.

There were twenty-seven hams at police station last night.

SHOT BY FOOTPADS.

Three Negroes Attempt to Kill Charles P. Sordelet.

Prevalence With Tennessee and the Assassins Invited to Proceed From the Corner—No Arrests.

Charles P. Sordelet, clerk for Hoffer & Schlatter, was last night waylaid by highwaymen and shot, but not seriously injured.

About 9 o'clock Mr. Sordelet left the store, on East Columbia street, and started for his home, No. 37 East Fourth street, Bloomingdale. While walking on Clay street, between Second and Third streets, he met three negroes whom he passed without particularly noticing.

After the negroes had gotten about fifteen feet distant they stopped and one of them called out:

"Hey, there! Boss!"

Mr. Sordlet stopped and looked around, when one of the darkies, pointing a revolver at him, cried out:

"Give us that you've got!"

Having no intention of being so easily held up, Sordelet reached for his hip pocket as though to draw a revolver, although he was not armed. At that instant the negro fired and all three then took to their heels.

The ball took effect in Mr Sordlet's shoulder and he dropped in his tracks from the shock. He soon recovered himself and, thinking he had been mortally wounded, managed to reach Charles F. Hoffer's grocery at Wells and Fourth streets.

Medical aid was hastily telephoned for and the wounded man carried to his home on Fourth street. The Myers and Rosenthal soon responded and found the injured man lying on a couch.

It was found that the ball had struck on the right side of Mr. Sordelet's abdomen, just below the navel, and that it had not penetrated to any great depth. The ball was easily removed, leaving only a slight bruise and wound. At this particular place the ball penetrated the bottom of the vest where it is padded, the hand of the trousers, of several thicknesses, going through the watch pocket, the waist band of the under drawers and lower part of the undershirt. So that coming as it did at an angle where the bullet reached the body its force was almost spent.

The wound bled profusely and the effects of being hit with such force upon the stomach may yet result seriously, although Mr. Sordelet was much better this morning.

The entire police force was notified to look out for the darkeys, but although they had been seen crossing the Wells street bridge immediately after the shooting, all traces of them were lost. About 11 o'clock Sheriff Chamsmeier caught a darkey whom he thought a suspicious fellow, but he was later let go, after having proven where he spent the evening.

Mr. Sordelet was seen at his home this noon by a member of THE SENTINEL force and was found to be sitting up. He suffered somewhat from the shock but will be down town to work again tomorrow.

REWARD OFFERED.

Sheriff Chamsmeier has offered a reward of $25 for the capture of the thugs. Mr. Sordelet says he knows where the blacks are and says they left early this morning for another state. He also says one of the men is well known in this city, but the other two are strangers.

Some of the city police think the crooks were white men who had discovered their fears and that they live in this city. The revolver which they used was a thirty-two calibre.

MINOR ACCIDENTS.

Individuals Who Have Had a Touch of Bad Luck.

Last night Dr. Dinnen was called to the Nickel Plate depot to reduce a fractured arm. A lady passenger named Stockwell had fallen at Chicago as she was taking the train for the east and broken her arm.

William Addes, of Noblesville, Ind., is now in a serious condition.

Mrs. George Hathenburg, of No. 189 Swing alley, is now slowly operated upon for cataract of the eye.

A horse belonging to F. E. Cox ran away yesterday on South Calhoun street, near Mr. Cox's residence. At the entrance of the driveway the vehicle overturned, throwing the occupants, Tom Cox and Louis C. Reed, to the ground. The animal, becoming frightened, dashed north on Calhoun street to Creighton avenue, where it was checked by a belt line motorman. The vehicle was demolished, but the occupants escaped uninjured.

The two-cent fare on of Theodore Ulmer, of Rost & Co's, fell this morning while turning with a pencil in his mouth. He was quite severely hurt as the pencil cut the roof of his mouth badly.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

Sunday School Workers in the City Tomorrow.

A convention of the Sunday school workers of Allen county will be held in the First Presbyterian church, at Fort Wayne, for the purpose of reorganizing the Allen County Sunday School association, under the auspices of the auxiliary to the Indiana Sunday School union. Delegates from all parts of the county will be here and they will be entertained at the home of our Sunday school workers.

C. D. Meigs, an earnest Sunday school worker and editor of the Awakener, published at Indianapolis, will be one of the principal orators. The sessions will commence tomorrow morning and continue in the afternoon and evening. Every Sunday school worker in the city is invited to attend the meetings.

REPUBLICAN DELEGATES

Will be Chosen to the City Convention Tomorrow Evening.

The republicans of the city will hold ward meetings tomorrow night for the purpose of electing delegates to their city convention, which is held next Saturday afternoon. The different wards will hold their primary caucuses as follows:

First Ward—City hall.
Second Ward—Morton club rooms.
Third Ward—Soldiers' Sons and Citizens' club, rooms, room 26, Arcade building.
Fourth Ward—Schroeder's hall, Broadway.
Fifth Ward—At the Anderson building, northwest corner Broadway and West Jefferson street.
Sixth Ward—Lord Griffith's carpenter shop.
Seventh Ward—352 Lafayette street, Offenbach building.
Eighth Ward—The old A. M. E. church, East Wayne street.
Ninth Ward—Hachin's cellar shop.
Tenth Ward—248 East Creighton avenue.

TURNED IT BACK.

The Town Clock Now Endeavors to Keep Standard Time.

A committee from the city common council waited upon the board of county commissioners yesterday afternoon, and notified that body of the adoption of standard time by the city, and requested the board to change the clock in the court house tower to that time. The board acceded to the request and entered an order on the records adopting standard time. Today at noon the town clock was turned back to conform with the new order of things. The ball at the central fire engine house will also soon be rung on standard time.

THE HENDRICKS CLUB

Held a Meeting and Elect Officers—Permanent Organization.

The Hendricks club met again last night and formed a permanent organization. The election resulted as follows:

President—W. W. Hunger.
Secretary—Frank Keplinger.
Treasurer—A. I. Friend.

An executive committee of ten was appointed by the president. William Meyer was re-elected captain with the lieutenants and subordinate officers.

A RUSH FOR PIANOS.

The "Arcade" is the Busiest Place in Town.

At the Kimball company's closing out sale of the H. B. Ewing stock of pianos at the Arcade this week, many new instruments were purchased yesterday, three of the finest in stock being sold after supper last evening, among which was the famous world's fair premium style "Kimball" in elaborated hand-carved case of quarter-sawed English oak. Another very similar style, and same make, was captured by Mr. C. E. Walton, and a duplicate of the latter was purchased by Mr. V. A. Ballot. The handsome cream colored Kimball in Hungarian ash, a rare beauty, went to Mr. Garwood, of the First National bank, Auburn, Indiana. Mr. H. D. Rose, of this city, was also one of the lucky ones yesterday at the great Arcade piano sale, and is today the proud possessor of a handsome cabinet grand in antique oak. Besides the above some half dozen other styles of the Cladin, Ewing and Hale pianos were sold from this house yesterday at prices irresistable. Yet Mr. Fisher, the general agent, isn't happy. He says that twenty five pianos per week are a slow sale at these prices, if the people only realized the immense difference between the cost to manufacture a piano, and the price at which it regularly retails, and that this entire difference—in most cases more than one half—is actually saved to the purchaser in this sale. The sacrifice being made by the manufacturers at this time is solely for the purpose of saving the great loss of time and expense that would occur in shipping this immense stock of samples back to the factory. The sale closes this week, regardless of the number sold or remaining unsold.

LOCAL LINES.

The Fruit House has adopted standard time.

The Old Volunteer Fireman's association meets tonight.

Large numbers of snipe are being shot in the prairies west of this city.

Frank Dildine, of THE SENTINEL editorial staff, left this afternoon for Tiffin, Ohio, to look after some legal affairs. "Sandy" Drummond will have charge of Mr. Dildine's work during the latter's absence.

This noon two young men arrived in this city and registered at the City Y. M. C. A. They left San Francisco on a wager to go around the world without a cent in their pockets. They have succeeded admirably so far.

The bodies of the two tramps killed yesterday are still at Peltier's morgue unclaimed. No word has been received from Mulqueen's wife, although she has been notified by telegraph. The bodies will be buried here.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

FRESCO ARTIST.

FRED SEMOTAN.

FRESCO ARTIST,
Schmitz Block, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Prices Reasonable and All Work Guaranteed.

CARPET AND RUG FACTORY.

THE CHICAGO CARPET AND RUG FACTORY.
Weavers to Order Rugs from Old and New Carpet Scraps for Sale. Sewed Rugs Portieres from Silk Pieces, 65c. Rag Carpet. CHRISTIAN FOX, Former Wells and Superior streets.

DYE WORKS.

THE ONLY FIRST-CLASS HOUSE IN the city for
Dying, Cleaning Alterations and Repairing.
The only place in the country where alone can be taken from Calhoun.
GUST SCHUBERT,
65 East Main Street.

BRANCH OFFICE,
249 Calhoun Street.

MANDOLIN TEACHER.

CHAS. C. ALEXANDER,
TEACHER OF MANDOLIN.
54 East Washington Street.

PHYSICIANS.

ROBT. E. HIGBE, M. D.,
Rooms 1 and 2 Dr. Coldwater of the Office and Residence, Herald Building. Surgery Office, opposite Court House. Hours—9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.

DR. A. E. BULSON, JR.
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT ONLY
Nos. 22 & 24 Weber Block. Hours, 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Telephone 1215.

G. H. BOWEN, M. D.,
Successor to Dr. Bowen, Physician and Surgeon. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 12. Office, No. 71 Wall Street, Fort Wayne, Ind. Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

DR. S. H. HAVICK,
Diseases of the Nose and Throat.
Office Hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.
Office, No. 42 W. Berry St. PHONE NO. 66.

DR. B. G. PARIS—To inform surviving relatives and friends of deceased persons that he is now prepared to take charge of any office, 11 Wall Wayne street. Telephone 840.

DR. JOHN SHAFER—
EYE AND EAR.
Office at Dreier Brow, Drug Store.

DRUGGIST.

GROSS & PELLENS,
DRUGGISTS.
Corner Calhoun and Wayne Sts. Phone 139

UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS.

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Undertakers and Embalmers
Telephone No. 321. 90 East Calhoun Street

INSURANCE.

JAMES E. GRAHAM,
Attorney at Law.
Abstractor of Titles.
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans, Collection Rental Agent.
Room 21 Bank Block. - - - Fort Wayne, Ind

S. C. LOSRAND,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Aveline Houses Block.

D. G. FISHER,
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans.
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FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital 200,000. Surplus 100,000.
This National Bank transacts a general banking business, allows interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on special deposits, and interest at ten per cent. on time deposits.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
Capital and Surplus, 400,000.
Corner Main and Court Streets.
Interest allowed on time deposits. Drafts drawn payable at the office of issue (3 per cent. per annum on special deposits if left one month, 4 per cent. if left six months).
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank

Capital & Surplus, $220,000.

Pays 3 per cent interest on time deposits.

Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum

LAND SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS TO SOUTHERN POINTS.

LAKE ERIE AND WESTERN R. R.
(NATURAL GAS ROUTE)
—Homeseekers' Excursions—
and Home Seekers' Excursions
—VIA—
FEB. 20, MARCH 5, 26, APRIL 9, 23.
At the unprecedented low rate of
ONE FARE FOR ROUND TRIP
—To points—
Alabama, Kentucky, Georgia, Eastern Louisiana, Mississippi and Tennessee.
This is an excellent opportunity for all those desiring to seek homes in the South, as there are millions of acres of choice lands in unbroken settlement within the territory covered by these excursions. Be sure your ticket reads via the "Natural Gas Route," the great through line traversing the wonderful gas and Oil regions of Ohio and Indiana, furnishing elegant Reclining Chair Cars between Kansas City and Missouri river points of entire change.
For tickets, time, rates and general information call on any ticket agent of the Splendid Line, or address,
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Traffic Manager. Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt.
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

PHYSICAL CULTURE AND READING.
NEW PHILOSOPHY.

Jennie Fay Crosby teaches classes Wednesday and Saturday afternoon from 1.30 to 3.30 o'clock and 7 p. m. on Wednesday.

Room over Kern & Nelson's Music Store, No. 9 East Columbia Street.

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Warehouse Dr. Wayne and Harlan Sts Office 82 Calhoun St. Telephone 241.

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90 E. MAIN STREET.
Air and Boat Work. Cheapest place in the city

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. HAUSETT.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1894.

TONIGHT.

TRINITY EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Confirmation by Bishop Knicker-bocker.
PRAYER MEETINGS—At Different City Churches.
ST. JOHN'S REFORMED CHURCH—Regular services.
CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Revival Meetings.
EASTER EVANGELISTIC SERVICES—Rev. Yackman, at Grace Church.
OLD SYNAGOGUE—Preaching by Elder Thompson.
PLYMOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Gospel Meeting, by Rev. Austin.
OCCULT SCIENCE SOCIETY—Social at Home of Mrs. E. J. Hill.
TRADES UNIONS—Plasterers; Boilermakers.
LODGES—I. O. O. F. W. No. 50. Red Men. Knights of the Golden Eagle; F. O. S. of A.; Concordia Lodge No. 228.

STANDARD time is here to stay.

TODAY was the first day of spring.

FRIENDS in a mayor's nest is an exception that over a half dozen men are engaged at just now.

IF THE democrats do not nominate a first-class, A 1 man for mayor he will not be mayor. That's the sum total of the situation.

APPROPRIATE the nomination of the best man for mayor seems to have some one, judging from the tone of the journal this morning.

The republican candidates for mayor are multiplying this week. Their city convention on Saturday promises to be a pretty lively one.

The county commissioners have got into line and hereafter the court house clock will record standard time. Let everybody else join the procession.

EASTER coming so early this year there should be an early movement in the circulating medium—the Easter bonnet will no doubt get the money on the move.

PATRIOTS March comes to the rescue pretty soon the fellows who predicted a severe month of blizzards will have but mighty little reputation left as weather prophets

POLITICS will claim and receive a good share of attention until after the city election in May and then we will get another dose with the hustle of candidates for county and state offices.

The churches which ring their bells and the factories which blow their whistles at 6 and 12 o'clock should hurry to join the standard time procession. They, alone, stand in the way of its universal adoption by our city.

SO FAR as this city is concerned the May election is purely local. Nobody is more interested in what kind of officials Fort Wayne elects than are the members of the community who must be governed by them for the next two years.

THE NEW City street school building when completed will cost, one to two and $20,000 and will be modern in design. The old building was too tall and was always dangerous—a fire trap, in fact. The new one will be only two stories high and will be artistic in appearance and suited for a large attendance of children.

IN THE excitement attendant upon the unusually contest, do not lose sight of the necessity of selecting good candidates for city council members. There will be only fifteen members in the next council, and every one of them should be a man whose ability and integrity is unquestioned. Let them be our best citizens

EVERY democrat in the city should arrange to attend the primary election one week from next Saturday, when a municipal ticket will be nominated. Your choice of candidates is going to exert a direct influence upon the character of the city, and, as a common stockholder in the municipal corporation, you are personally concerned in the result of the contest.

MILLIONS of children all over the world have their minds fixed upon next Sunday and the celebrations which it will bring, for it is Easter, the queen of festivals, and the happiest and gladest of the year. Unlike Christmas, which has become a great gift holiday, Easter retains the essential Christian character. To its sacredness nature adds the happiness of an early spring, as if she too were glad, and a cheerful and cheering participant in its observance. Yes, Easter is a glad day to all, and it will bring happiness and peace unalloyed.

AN OVERHEARD conversation in THE SENTINEL'S telegraph columns yesterday, Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, died last evening at 10:55 o'clock, at his home in Turin, after a long illness. His end was extremely painful. He showed signs of consciousness until the last. He expired in the arms of his son, and died praying for the land of the Hungarian deputy, Karolyi. The members of his family and a few of his intimate friends stood around the bedside of the expiring patriot. He was a grand man and made a grand fight for the liberty of his country.

THE evidence in the Hawley murder case, which is on trial in the circuit court this week, develops the fact that the citizens were the result of whisky, putting another bloody deed—the murder of a mother by her son—to the credit of this demon whose record is already red with blood. No wonder that the best men and women of this land cry out against the drink habit when, more than any other cause, it is furnishing our courts with criminals and the gallows with victims at the fearful price of murdered ones, and yet at the same time it keeps on with its blighthful pace offending 75,000 men to drunkards graves every year.

CREEPING reports of an improvement in the condition of business are coming from every part of the country and its influences are being felt in our own city. The opening of spring has set the building ball to rolling and it will increase in speed with each passing week. Manufacturing establishments are also feeling its reviving effects and increasing the amount of work done. The worst of the hard times is, without a doubt, over, and from this time forward every department of trade and labor will improve. The contemplated building in this city will soon be commenced and then brighter and better days will be here to stay.

Indiana's Wealth.

Two special census bulletins have been issued by the government, one giving statistics of agriculture of the United States in 1890 and the other the wealth of the United States in that year. From the first it is learned that the total number of farms in Indiana in 1890 were 198,167; total acres in farms, 20,452,515, of which 15,107,482 were improved. The valuation of land, fences and buildings was $734,789,009; implements and machinery, $21,172,255; live stock on land June 1, 1890, $93,361,422; value of farm products, 1889, $94,759,992; number of horses, 720,035; mules and asses, 59,044; total meat cattle, 1,541,908; swine, 3,230,817; sheep, 1,081,133; fleeces shorn in the spring of 1890, 7,90,755; pounds of wool, 1,862,161.

The second bulletin shows that the total valuation in Indiana in 1890 was $2,035,176,626; real estate with improvements, $1,588,163,737; live stock and farm implements, $114,533,677; mines and quarries, including product on land, $15,102,463; gold and silver coin and bullion, $35,046,877; machinery of manufacture, including that on land, raw material and manufactured, $54,829,962; railroads and equipments, including street railroads, $210,172,141; telegraphs, telephones, shipping and canals, $9,117,165; miscellaneous, $267,525,613. The per capita of total valuation in Indiana in 1890 was $926; in 1880, $870; 1870, $755; 1860, $392; 1850, $205.

Pulpit Elocution.

A gentleman who calls himself "a teacher of elocution" listened carefully to several preachers one after another to ascertain how they delivered their sermons. His conclusions will constitute very interesting reading to ministers everywhere, as well as to the congregations who hear them. The result is found in The Outlook. The preachers one and all showed considerable preparation as to the matter of their sermons, but they apparently had given no more thought to the manner of delivering them than if the speech were expected to deliver itself. This is a sad mistake. The minister who gives the gospel to his hearers in an attractive way has twice as much prospect of saving sinners as the man who delivers his message in harsh, dry, indifferent manner.

The first preacher did not seem to be talking to his hearers at all, so utterly destitute of all sympathy was his voice. "I was made to feel that the minister, instead of taking light home to us in the pews, was considerably promulgating an official address." The next preacher was afflicted with some kind of chronic spasm about the throat that made his voice hard, metallic and repellent to sympathy. "Sometimes his voice gave out an indescribably fairly fiendish." An aesthetic clergyman read the hymns and notices in a mumble jumble of which scarcely a word could be understood.

Next was a preacher who at times used the colloquial or conversational tone fairly well, which was excellent so far as it went, but in his voice there was a recurrent tone that acted as a narcotic. Yet preachers will preachs because people go to sleep under their sermons. His voice was thus carried to the ears and to the heart of the poor sinner who was lured to death. The teacher says this is a British fad, and it is spreading. He thinks the preacher guilty of using this voice ought to receive a thrashing, and so he ought.

Then came the preacher who, while he was able to use the vivid colloquial style in general, drew out the little word "great" as if it had been an accordion. The teacher says many preachers do this, but his minister he noted rarely fearfully.

What Makes People Hight Handed.

We have been told that this comes in some occult way from having fallen on their left sides when they are put to sleep, or else that they are held against the mother or nurse's right or left side, it is not quite clear which. Also, in such a way as to produce this inconvenient fashion of one handedness which afflicts the race. Mr. J. Mark Baldwin, professor of experimental psychology at Princeton, denies these absurdities before which the colonels and asserts that the reason for right handedness lies deeper than such superstitions as these.

He reports in The Popular Science Monthly series of experiments made on one of his own babies from the age of 4 months to 10. She was placed in a comfortable position. Then some object that attracted her attention was put in front of her, and she was watched to see with which hand she reached out to grasp. Up to her seventh month there was little difference between the frequency with which she used either hand. Under pressure of extra muscular effort slight handedness began to develop in the sixth to seventh month. In some cases in instances where it was necessary for the child to reach forward with all her might and strain and stretch her muscles. In these violent efforts she invariably used the right hand. She had never been laid upon one side in sleeping, and there was no outside influence that would tend to make her right handed. The inference was clear that she had inherited the right handed tendency.

There is no adequate explanation of right handedness. It has something to do with the fact that the body has two sides, and that they contain organs with different functions. The liver is in the right side, the heart in the left, and the stomach is unevenly distributed across the body. Right handedness may bodue to a greater, fresher distribution of blood to the left side of the brain, which governs the right side of the body. At any rate, the true point to investigate the difference is in the different functions of organs of the right and left side. One interesting fact mentioned by Professor Baldwin is that speech and right handedness begin to develop about the same time in an infant's life. It is to be inferred, therefore, that the centers of action for both speech and right handedness are in the same brain hemisphere—the left.

KILLING A MAN EATER.

Exciting Experience With a Tiger in an Indian Jungle.

When Colonel W. H. Hooper was in command of the Fourth Madras regiment, he earned the reputation of being one of the fortunate tiger slayers of India, his "notch sticks" showing over twenty, mostly with his revolver, of the death by fire on him and of one of these tawny terrors of the jungles. During the progress of a hunt in the vicinity of Bangalore that the colonel was fortunate enough to kill a tiger that had lived for some time in a special terror of the natives, a village near which it had its lair. When this tiger was shot, in a rocky cave, the hunters found the skulls and parts of skeletons of more than 30 persons, the evidence of the military commission as the relic of the soldiers during the civil war. Surgeon Hooper presided over the faculties of the two great homeopathic hospitals of New York, the Hahnemann and the Flower. The last meetings to arrange for building both those institutions were held in Mr. Helmuth's drawing room, and she is still president of the women's auxiliary which supports the Flower hospital, and which lands the ground on which Governor Flower's mansion now stands.

He Helmuth is a very long name. He is dubbed the Homeopathic Medical society in New York and has a very large practice, and would probably find himself overburdened if it were not for his excellent assistance. She looks like books and looks after his bills and his bank account, thus relieving him of all worry about earthly matters, and is quite well qualified to render him valuable assistance in cases of professional emergency.

COLONEL W. H. HOOPER.

those showing them to have been mostly women and children. Silver and other metallic ornaments usually worn by the women were found.

The tiger was described by Colonel Hooper to Sir Frederick Roberts, over the embassy's body servant had his life, and rare good luck was the only thing that saved the colonel. On the first detection the colonel sought a glimpse of the magnificent brute and got in snap shot. The tiger then made no open way for the temper of bullets with which the hill was covered, and the colonel decided to follow it into the jungle, a decision which he would later in his experience have been slow to make. The body servant followed with a second heavy rifle.

"I had passed," said the colonel, "but a hundred yards or so down the slope of the hill when I was startled by a fierce growl, and whirling about saw the tiger springing through the scrub. He struck my rather servant a blow that literally disembowelled him with one stroke of his great paw. I fired on the instant, but missed. There by my poor gun bearer with his side ripped open to his quivering flesh, from which the blood gushed in torrents. The tiger's paw had caught him just in front of the left shoulder, and the powerful blow had literally torn him apart to the hip.

"The native on learning of my servant's fate were terror stricken. The elephant also caught the infection of fear, and their trampelings added not a little to the excitement of the hour. The elephant upon which I was mounted was at length brought to enter the jungle, but no sooner did he come to the spot where the dead body of my servant lay than he set up a great trumpeting and crossed the greatest anger, mingled with fear. Passing this point and turning in the direction which the tiger had taken, the movements of the elephant became more and more cautious.

"After proceeding for some distance in this direction my nerves were thrown into a state of the utmost possible confusion, for suddenly the tiger, with a growl, sprang from the matted growth of the jungle full at the herald, but luckily for us fell a few feet short, alighting well upon the flank of the elephant. I threw about my rifle and fired. I could not see the feet of my shot, for the elephant instantly bounced off at a great pace with terrified snorts and bellowings. The tiger had not secured a good hold and fell or was brushed off at the first plunge. It was a most exciting time and may become one of great danger. My rifle had been knocked from my grasp at the instant of firing, probably by the branch of a tree under which the elephant passed.

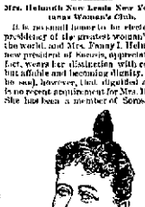
"The next instant I found myself swept out of the howdah by a strong bunch of a tree, under which the elephant was plunging. I had twisted, but had presented at that moment to know that death might follow my turning the guard. As I did so, I saw the rump of the elephant I grasped with all my might the tail of the huge animal, and I was thus carried to the open and to safety. The frantic yells of my companion, who had been swept completely from the elephant as he scrapped to force his way along the path marked by the elephant in our flight, augmented the fear of the animal. I felt sure that I would be crushed by the entire party, and seizing my only remaining gun I plunged into the jungle, behind the hunters with their companions to follow close at my heels. This, greatly to their credit, be it said, they did. A short distance we came upon the tiger in the jungle, and sending near the point where I had fired at the tiger the other rifle was discharged.

"I had proceeded but 50 yards or such a matter, which took full three quarters of an hour, so fearful was the delay of having attacked by the tiger if we traveled faster, when, to my great joy and the hunters' delight of the native, there, stretched out before us, perfectly dead, lay the most magnificent specimen of the tiger family that I had ever seen. In the death struggle he had broken down and torn up for the space of a dozen yards the jungle and lay fully exposed to the view for the distance of some three or four yards in the open. It was a fearful struggle, I had never seen anything like such proof of the wonderful strength of these ferocious beasts. The ball from my rifle had entered the body of the tiger on the left side, just back of the heart, and had ranged through the body diagonally, coming out at the top on the opposite side."

NEW PRESIDENT OF SOROSIS.

Mrs. Helmuth Now Leads New York's Famous Woman's Club.

It is a small honor to be elected to the presidency of the oldest woman's club in the world, and Mrs. Fanny I. Helmuth, the new president of Sorosis, appreciating that fact, wept her distinction with consider-ble difficulty and hesitating diffidence. It must be said, however, that dignified affability is a prominent trait in Mrs. Helmuth. She has been a member of Sorosis for 13



MRS. WILLIAM JOB HELMUTH.

years and her most many interesting papers have delved into the dark and half-lighted dictionary offices, in so that it was unnecessary and unlikely that she should change her directorship of the curtain lecture of her newborn distinction.

In private life, Mrs. Helmuth is the wife of Dr. William Job Helmuth, one of the most eminent homeopathic surgeons in the country, and she is well versed in the mysteries who falls fair to rank with his father in the medical profession. She has brought up a family of five, of whom the eldest is a son of West Point. It hardly seems possible that Mrs. Helmuth should have the number of grown children, for, though her hair is somewhat gray, she is a handsome woman of excellent taste and engaging manners and looks scarce past middle age. Yet she has been married for 32 years.

Mrs. Helmuth has earned for herself considerable reputation for generosity. She is a New Yorker by birth, but lived a long time in St. Louis, where she was a member of the sanitary commission during the relief of the soldiers during the civil war. She is largely responsible for the founding of the two great homeopathic hospitals of New York, the Hahnemann and the Flower. The first meetings to arrange for building both those institutions were held in Mrs. Helmuth's drawing room, and she is still president of the women's auxiliary which supports the Flower hospital, and which lands the ground on which Governor Flower's mansion now stands.

He Helmuth is a very long name. He is dubbed the Homeopathic Medical society in New York and has a very large practice, and would probably find himself overburdened if it were not for his excellent assistance. She posts his books and looks after his bills and his bank account, thus relieving him of all worry about earthly matters, and is quite well qualified to render him valuable assistance in cases of professional emergency.

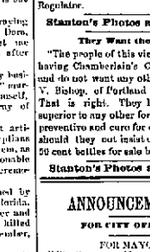
A POPULAR NOVELIST.

Like Many Another, Stanley J. Weyman Preferred Literature to the Law.

Though he has had a growing literary reputation in England for bravura romance, Stanley J. Weyman remained comparatively unknown in America until the publication last of his masterpiece, "A Gentleman of France," of "The House of the Wolf," "The New Rector" and "The Story of Mr. Francis Cludde" attained a considerable circulation among English novel readers and received much comparison from the critics, but their success was but great enough to induce American publishers to venture on republishing them. "The New Rector" is the only one that deals with modern times. It is a Trollopean story of more than ordinary interest, but is handicapped by not being in a fashionable literary vein.

Mr. Weyman is a bachelor and lives at the little town of Ludlow, in Shropshire, where he was born in 1855. His surroundings are not confined to books, and he is an proficient of the spirit of the country squire is due to hunting and sailing in several of the characteristically English branches of sport. He is especially fond of hunting and is not a stranger to the Tyrolean Alps in that sport. He has traveled a little in Spain and south ern France, is quite familiar with the western Mediterranean and has made a winter trip to Egypt.

He does not look much like an athlete, being slight of figure and but little above the medium in stature, but Mr. Weyman's success in literature will probably cause it to be as fashionable for he was a very



STANLEY J. WEYMAN.

epicurean figure on the clerk's track during his Oxford days and was the fastest and two mile foot race at his college games in 1876. Although he was a member of the university crew in 1877, the year of his graduation.

Christ Church was his college, and the famous Bloxsidge school provided his preliminary education, but the novelist made no great mark in scholarship at that. He was not a much of a student and took his degree with a second class in modern history and a third in "classical moderations," a record that is authoritatively pronounced "creditable, but not brilliant."

Mr. Weyman was called to the bar at the Inner Temple in 1881 and joined the Oxford circuit, where he continued to practice for 12 years or so, though the law was not particularly congenial to him, and his heart was set on literary work. A short story of his which had been accepted by Chambers' Journal during his college days fired his mind with dreams of literary success, and he kept on writing till his dreams came true. For the behoof of literary aspirants it should be mentioned that no one would have his first long story, and after several of publishers had rejected it he very consequently destroyed the manuscript.

English Training Ships Abolished.

The British training squadron, which consists of four sailing cruisers, and in which about 1,200 young officers and seamen have annually been trained in the seamanship of vessels under sail, is to be abolished. The admiralty evidently assumes that it is unnecessary to teach an art which, in the days of steam warships, might never be practiced.

A Fish Stops an Elevator.

The other day the elevator of the Louisville city hospital became so crazy as a batty loony. The hydraulic cylinder was opened, and the cause of the trouble was found to be a fish about 3 inches long and 254 inches broad. These little creatures have caused considerable trouble at times by getting into the hydraulic cylinders of pump's mains, through strainers and water gates are used to keep them out. It is supposed the fish slip through the strainers when they are small and grow afterward to considerable size.

Dueling in Russia.

Dueling in Russia has become so common that the government has been compelled to decree a code of punishment. It is death. Hits an antagonist, it will cost him six years in prison. For every wounding the penalty will be three years; that without injury, six months; provoking a duel, six weeks to 12 months.

Best of All.

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. One bottle will answer for all the family and costs only 50 cents. Sold by druggists. $1. Try it and be pleased. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

A Forty Mile Ride.

E. R. Swetnam, of Fairfax Station, Virginia, says: "A party came forty miles to see me for Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They were so much pleased with them that they bought a dozen bottles. The remedy is a great favorite in this vicinity and has performed some wonderful cures here." It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is a favorite wherever known. For sale by druggists.

Mothers, Be sure and use "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. MaySoodaby

Rheumatism Quickly Cured.

Three days is a very short time in which to cure a bad case of rheumatism; but it can be done, if the proper treatment is adopted, as will be seen by the following from James Lambert of New Brunswick, Ill.: "I was badly afflicted with rheumatism in the hips and legs, when I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It cured me in three days. I am all right to-day; and would insist on everyone who is afflicted with the terrible disease to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm and get well at once." 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Important Notice.

All the coupons of THE SENTINEL for the different photographic portfolios that we are now offering will be found together in the last column of the third page.

LORDS AND MASTERS.

There are two colored officers in the regular army, Lieutenants J. H. Alexander and Charles Young, of the Ninth cavalry, which is composed of colored troops.

Deacon William M. Mitchell of Hartford, Conn., who died recently at the age of 85 years, had only twenty-one birthdays. He was born on February 29, 1808.

Probably one of the lightest married couples in the country are Mr. and Mrs. William Hill, of Ith Paris, O., whose combined weight is but 199 pounds.

Young Minister—I've been praying for you a long time, Miss Rora. Deacon Goodwill—Why didn't you let me know it? I'd have been years after the first prayer.

"It always pays a man in my business to take plenty of time," mused the burglar softly to himself, gently dumping the third tray of watches into his bag.

The pursuit is very ancient either. The Assyrians, the Egyptians and the Persians all carried them, as shades against the sun, for fashionable adornment and in religious ceremonies.

A remarkable pointer is owned by John Abberger, of Minneola, Florida. The dog had 1,700 quail, two deer and quite a number of wild turkeys killed over it between the 1st of November, 1892, and February 1, 1893.

The poet Whittier is said once to have seriously objected to a relative, a young woman, that no Whittier ought to marry, for the hereditary temper was such that no wife could be happy in continuous contact with it. If this was his judgment of his own nature, it explains his single life.

The journeys of the emperor of Germany cost him a good deal of money. According to an article recently published in a German paper over 600,000 marks, or $200,000, were spent on the trip to Italy and Austria undertaken soon after he ascended the throne.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

The largest photograph in the world is seventeen feet by fifty inches.

An automatic sculptoring machine is the invention of M. Delin of Paris.

The practice of ringing the curfew bell is still in vogue at Fayetteville, N. C.

The smallest coal-burning locomotive in America is the work of C. D. Young of Denver. It weighs but 225 pounds.

Lake Superior is the largest fresh water lake in the world. It is one mile long, 160 wide, and has an area of 32,000 square miles.

The remains of a gigantic deer were found in a cypress swamp in Florida. It resembles the prehistoric Irish elk, and is the only one of the kind found in this country. The antlers measure eight feet eleven inches.

In the shop of a St. Petersburg watchmaker a human foot can be seen on view. The hands are gilt edged on its nose, and any messages that may be spoken into its ear are repeated by a phonograph through the mouth.

A hundred masked men entered the town of Calhoun, Ga., a few evenings since, armed. They were moonshiners whose stills had been destroyed by revenue officers, who also destroyed 4,000 gallons of beer. The men came after their stills, etc., which had been loaded upon a freight car and shipped to court. The raiders, too strong to warrant attack, captured the car, unloaded the stills and departed for parts unknown with them.

The crew of the bark Mary Hasbrouck, which arrived at New York the other day from Auckland, New Zealand, passed a pleasant time behind in the South Pacific ocean, which, to the eyes of the crew, look on the impulse of real life. The island was a quarter of a mile away, but out of it grew saw churches and horses. They, saw, or thought they saw, people, too, and in the soft moonlight of the night their eyes could distinguish the green grass, lightly covered with snow.

BRILLIANTS.

Doing good is a better occupation than digging gold.

The man who never thinks is drifting towards destruction.

There are a great many cheerful givers—given of advice.

Are you trying to keep the promises made to loved ones in heaven?

Poverty destroy people; it is difficult for an empty bag to stand upright.

There are two sides to every question, but bigotry never sees but one.

Some men wait for opportunities, but others go to work and make them.

The best preparation for doing great things is to be faithful in little ones.

Irresolute people let their song get cold between the plate and the mouth.

If love could have her way, there would never be another tear shed on earth.

The greatest blockhead is the one whose mistakes never teach him anything.

The man who has the courage to admit that he has been in the wrong is not a coward.

If we could only know how much people have suffered, how easy it would be to love them.

A philosopher is a man who does not try to argue with others until he knows he can down them.

Cheerfulness is also an excellent

"Female Weakness

for ten years never left me. I experienced its worst forms, accompanied by severe spinal trouble, causing incessant backache, weakness of the stomach, and nervousness. "I gave up all hope of ever being well again. "Just then I began to take:— "*Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.* I followed the directions and treatment until I was now perfectly well woman." —Mrs. S. W. White, 816 Holly St., West Philadelphia, Pa.

MRS. S. W. WHITE.

Every woman troubled with uterus or womb troubles can be cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Twenty years of an parallaled success confirms its power. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development.

wearing qualities. It has been called the bright weather of the heart.

It will not do to think that because we have or experience great temptations, it is not worth while to guard against little ones.

Let your charitable gifts be nearly non-gifts. Cease have the double advantage of suppressing at once ingratitude and abuse.

Strange that People will Suffer

with dull feelings and the blues when they can be so surely cured by simply taking a few doses of Simmons Liver Regulator.

Stanton's Photos are the best.

They Want the Best.

"The people of this vicinity insist on having Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and do not want any other," says John V. Bishop, of Portland Mills, Indiana. That is right. They know it to be superior to any other for colds, and as preventive and cure for croup, and why should they not insist upon having it? 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Stanton's Photos are the best.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR CITY OFFICES.

FOR MAYOR.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce Mr. Shamahgh as candidate for mayor of the city of Fort Wayne, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating primary.
WM. C. SHAMAHGH.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce that I am a candidate for mayor of the city of Fort Wayne, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating primary.
HENRY A. READ.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce that I am a candidate for mayor of the city of Fort Wayne, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating primary.
CHRISTIAN BROSKER.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for Mayor, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.
ELZA T. BITTINGER.

CITY CLERK.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for nomination for the office of city clerk, subject to the decision of the democratic primary election.
RICHARD J. BRINKEKE.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for the nomination for city clerk, subject to the decision of the democratic primary election.
RICHARD J. BRINKEWALD.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for the nomination for city clerk, subject to the decision of the democratic primary election.
H. R. ROSSINGTON.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of city clerk, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.
CHARLES C. RITTER.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce that I am a candidate for the office of city clerk, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.
JOHN C. JOYCE.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of city clerk, subject to the decision of the democratic primary election.
WILL H. TEGAL.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for city clerk from the Fifth ward, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.
SYLVESTER SCHARBO.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for nomination of the Fifth ward, subject to the decision of the voters at the democratic primaries.
FRED. J. BUCK.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for nomination for city clerk of the Seventh ward, subject to the decision of the democratic city primary.
PETER J. SCHIRR.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce that I am a candidate for the office of city clerk of the Eighth ward, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.
JACOB HARTMAN.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for nomination for the Sixth ward, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.
FRANK E. PHIFFER.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for nomination for the Sixth ward, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.
EMMETT MARTIN.

FOR COUNTY OFFICES.

JUDGE CIRCUIT COURT.

Editor Sentinel—You are authorized to announce the name of Judge Allen W. Ferguson of the Allen circuit court, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
CHARLES H. WORDEN

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for judge of the Allen circuit court, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
JOHN R. MCADAMS.

FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for prosecuting attorney for Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
ALBERT G. ROBINSON.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for prosecuting attorney for Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
JACOB KERN.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for county clerk subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
HARRY M. METZGER.

FOR AUDITOR.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for auditor of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
M. J. BRYER, JR.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for auditor of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
CLARENCE W. KESALL.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for auditor of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
JOHN C. SCHEITER.

COUNTY TREASURER.

L. C. Hunter (Cam), the present deputy treasurer, is a candidate for the democratic nomination of county treasurer, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
M. SEYLER.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
HENRY C. SCHMIDT.

COUNTY RECORDER.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce the name of Louis Hurwood as a candidate for recorder of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
ALBERT WEIL.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for county recorder, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
PATRICK RYAN.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for county surveyor, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
W. BRANSTETTER.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for county commissioner from the second district, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
HENRY SCHAFER.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for county commissioner from the second district, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
W. S. KROGMANN.
of Washington Township.

FOR TOWNSHIP OFFICES.

FOR TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for township trustee of Lafayette township, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
FRANK M. CHAPMAN.

TOWNSHIP ASSESSOR.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for assessor of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic township nominating convention.
JOHN C. SCHMIDT.

Editor Sentinel—Please announce my name as a candidate for assessor of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic township nominating convention.
THOMAS W. WALSH.

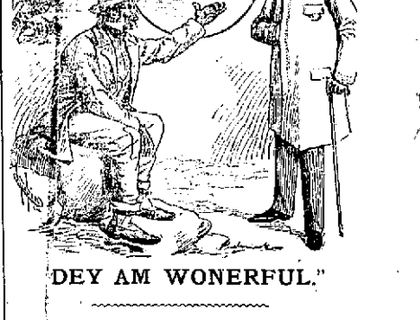
SANTA CLAUS SOAP
THE GREAT DIRT EXTERMINATOR
BEST AND CHEAPEST SOAP
FAIRBANKS & CO. MFG. CHICAGO

Santa Claus
Enlightenment every 12 months, full

Santa Claus Soap
Cleanses to stay
THE WHOLE YEAR 'ROUND.

L. O. HULL
WALL PAPER
AND DECORATIONS
At Rock Bottom Prices.
NEW GOODS From the cheapest to the best. An elegant line to select from. Buy goods to suit you and save money.
Window Cortais, Artists' Materials, Paints, House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, &c.
Telephone No. 285. 90 Calhoun St.

Would You Like to Own a Good Baby Carriage? We have a new and complete assortment of the Reclining Sleeping Coaches. They are, with out the use of a pillow, more comfortable than a cradle, and save the expense of such an article of furniture. Mothers cannot show their baby a greater kindness than to buy for it a Reclining Sleeping Coach. Our stock comprises all from the cheapest to the highest quality. A full and complete line mentioned selected and prices cheerfully furnished on application.
Pfeiffer & Schlatter,
38 and 40 East Columbia St.



"DEY AM WONERFUL."

We offer our subscribers the most beautiful art work ever published at a merely nominal cost. This is an entirely new work, every plate being made especially for it. It is called

Worn Out Faces Rejuvenated

Consultation at Office or by Letter.

26 years' practical experience treating syphilis, failing manhood, diseases of the skin, blood, kidneys and bladder, impotence, nervous debility, premature decay, lost manhood, debilitated and all chronic, nervous and private diseases. Send for a 136 page book, free (sealed). Consultation free by letter.

John H. Woodbury Dermatological Institute,
Established 1870. 128 W. 42d St., N.Y.

Woodbury's Facial Soap for the Skin, Scalp and Complexion. 3 cakes, $1.00, at Druggists everywhere.

WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Inquire 27 East Wayne street. 24-tf

WANTED—Traveling salesman, or have time this line. The Rudget Clothing Co., Louisburg, Ky. 24-3t

WANTED—A good girl to do the second work and take care of children. Apply on Mrs. A. Duncan, 20 East Wayne St. 24-tf

WANTED—A steady man, good Catholic preferred; $8 per week. Write today. John C. Dodt, 56 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill. 24-eow-4t

WANTED—All persons to know that if Fort Wayne Commercial and Law Business College is not doing a good business it is not the fault of the Lord, Lady Luck, Fate, Fortune, Chance, Luck or Fortune. Rubber stock and prizes will please you. 24-tf

WANTED—Everybody to know that I have most reliable and reputable firm to handle my Nursery stock, Fruit, Shade trees, Shrubs, Vines, Bulbs, Seeds, Plants, Roses, Bulbs, Plants, Seeds, Fruit, Shade trees, Shrubs, Vines

Mergentheim's Bazaar,

Corner Calhoun and Main Streets.

"All Good Things Cannot Go On Forever,"

BUT OUR GREAT

FIRE AND WATER SALE

GOES MERRILY ON.

How long, we do not know. Surely bargains such as we are daily offering cannot last forever. However our stock was large and although our sales have exceeded the greatest expectations, there still remains Countless Bargains for the multitudes.

Our Cloak Department A large and complete assortment of Spring wraps to select from, not in the least damaged, at purse tempting prices.

Departments Full of Bargains. The Dress Goods, Hosiery, Embroidery, Lace, Handkerchiefs, Muslin, Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Flannel, Toweling.

Visit our Busy Bazaar, even if but to view the crowds that daily throng the greatest bargain store in Indiana. Buy not for today alone but for the future. Some of our stock is slightly damaged by water and smoke, but the greater portion is not in the least damaged.

SAVE YOUR DOLLARS.

Mergentheim's -:- Bazaar.

Call for White Loaf Flour. 116

Get these grease spots removed, your carpets cleaned, washed, laid and mattresses renovated at THE NEWEST Cleaner Calhoun Co. Phone, 496. 104f

MONEY TO LOAN
On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 34 and 36, Bank Block. 21f

Millinery Opening Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, March 21, 22 and 23.
E. & H. KRATZSCH BROS.,
17 64 **114 Calhoun St.**

CITY DIRECTORY—All changes of residences or business occurring between March 20 and April 10, should be sent in to the City Directory office, 11 Arcade building, or as before the latter date for proper insertion. 20-121

The Allen County Medical society met last night at the office of Drs. Steman, Fruit House block. A paper on "Typhoid Fever" was read by Dr. John Schilling.

Spring Opening
Of fine millinery goods at Mrs. A. C. Keel's, 22 West Berry street, March 22, 23 and 24. 20 3t

Stanton's Photos are the best.

MRS. ROBT. JONES,
No. 212 Calhoun Street,
Near High Hotel,
Has an entire new stock of Millinery Goods of Correct Styles. Opening, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, this week. 19 5t

Spring Opening
Of fine millinery goods at Mrs. A. C. Keel's, 22 West Berry street, March 22, 23 and 24. 20 3t

Millinery Opening Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, March 21, 22 and 23.
E. & H. KRATZSCH BROS.,
17 64 **114 Calhoun St.**

Fort Wayne lodge K. of P. last night gave the rank of Esquire to F. C. Neuwirth and Jesse Young. There was a large attendance.

When You Want a Lawyer,

Do you ask all the attorneys you know to make a bid and then employ the cheapest? Do you not rather look for the man whose skill and knowledge of law insure thorough effort in your interest?

The Same Principle Applies in Clothing.

The difference between poor selected goods and Good Ones is a vital question to you, if you are interested. If you are looking for Good Material, Stylishly Made, that Will Wear Well and goods selected with taste and a large variety to select from, DROP IN

Our Store of Practical Experience.

It is worth your while to spend an hour here—a BLAZE of bargains shoots from nearly every counter. Early Spring Suits and Overcoats for for Men, Boys and Little Boys are ready for you. Come and See what a Look may save you.

Special Pantaloon Department.

Now on sale 800 pairs of Men's Pants, New Spring Patterns, elegantly made and trimmed and worth $3, $3.50 and $4. We bought them for less than they cost to manufacture, and put them on sale at

$2.35

for your choice of any pair in the whole lot.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

Sam, Pete & Max.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY MARCH 21 1894.

☞Persons Desiring THE DAILY SENTINEL served at their residence can secure it by postal card, request, or order through telephone 228. Where delivery is irregular or is late, please make immediate complaint to the office.

Telephone 650.

To make it more convenient for those desiring to send items of news to THE SENTINEL, we have placed an extra telephone in the editorial rooms. The number is 650. Anything in the news line will be gladly received over this new wire.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Forecast till 8 p. m. Thursday. For Indiana—Partly cloudy, colder, southern winds.

NEWS NOTES.

A. C. Katt is in Chicago.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Otto Gross—a girl.

J. L. Sheets and wife are at New York.

Look out for our big Easter number Saturday.

The butcher shops will keep open after Easter on Sunday.

Harry A. Vetter, a former student of Concordia college, left last evening for his home, in Atchison, Kas.

The Wabash Plain Dealer says: "Miss Eva and Della Burrell, of Fort Wayne, are visiting relatives in the city."

Evangelistic meetings at the Grace Reformed church this evening, tomorrow and Friday evening, conducted by the pastor.

You have not enjoyed all the good things in THE SENTINEL until you have read each evening the railroad and shop column.

Harry Harrison, Wm. Bostick, James Dunn and Frank Gruber left this afternoon for a two days' fishing trip to West Lake.

John Keehs, jr., son of the East Washington street saloonkeeper, cut his wrist seriously with a butcher knife yesterday morning.

Motorman Charles Miller, of the short line on Jefferson street, was badly shocked in attempting to start his car the other day.

The new Hatterdy building, on East Berry street, near the Daily Gazette office, will cost, according to a permit just taken out, but $2,000.

Charles J. Grieber announces in today's SENTINEL as a candidate for councilman at large, subject to the decision of the democratic primaries.

John Pauley, of the Hotel Rich, is at the head of a movement for the organization of a Hotel Men's Mutual Benefit association. All the hotel men in the state will meet in Indianapolis on April 3d.

The name of M. A. Ferguson, of Washington township, is announced in today's SENTINEL as a candidate for commissioner from the second district, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.

While slighting from a street car last evening Benjamin Heigendorf, of No 509 East Washington street, badly sprained his right leg. Dr. C. H. Steman attended. Mr. Heigendorf will be laid up for a few weeks.

Henry Freeman, of the First National bank, fell Monday evening at the Wayne club gymnasium and dislocated his elbow joint. He is much better but his injury was a serious one and it will be some time before he can take his place at the bank.

The City band has just received a fine march, composed by Philip Sousa, the great bandmaster, entitled "Liberty Bells." It was rehearsed last night and pronounced the finest march which the band has secured in a long time. It will be played the next time the band appears on the street.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cline and little daughter will pass through this city on No. 8 this evening enroute to Mansfield, Ohio. Mr. Cline is very ill. The western trip did not benefit his health as he expected, and he comes home in a much worse condition than when he left, about six months ago.

The Star base ball club has been reorganized with the following members: Catcher, Judy; pitcher, Hilgeman; first base, Dallebaur; second base, Patterson, third base, Steffen; short stop, Stier; center field, Romary; right field, Lehmann; right field, Graney; left field, McManigal. The Stars were the crack amateur club last season.

The Logansport Daily Reporter pays this compliment to Dr. C. B. Stemen: "Dr. C. B. Stemen, D. D., LL. D., delivered an interesting lecture upon his travels in Europe to a fair sized and intelligent audience at the Broadway M. E. church last night. Dr. Stemen is a very fair talker. He told of some quite interesting facts connected with his travels in detail, as well as some amusing incidents that came under his observation while over there. The doctor, in his inimical way, gave his audience some very wholesome advice, too, if they should be so fortunate as to make the trip to that country as he had."

Strawberries for Wednesday Afternoon.

Nice Ripe Berries, 35c qt.
New Green Peas, Beets, Spinach, Radishes and Onions, also Tomatoes.
FRUIT HOUSE.

I'd Spend a Million

(to a Baby like that, if we had one at our house," said Mrs. Nokid, the other day. "Bear, dear—it only costs a trifle. Why, see how cheap Baby Buggies are at Leon's, 109 Calhoun St.

Mainze Grapes.

A Fresh Shipment, extra nice, 20c lb.
Florida Oranges, very large, 20c dozen.
Messina Oranges, extra, 20c dozen.
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 35c peck.
Michigan Potatoes, best, 35c bu.
FRUIT HOUSE.

BITS OF SOCIETY NEWS

Gleaned From Here and There in the Social Realm.

Teas and other Entertainments Given or to Occur—Personal Items and Short News Notes.

Miss Myrtle Hanson is visiting in Columbia City.

Mrs. M. E. Hall, of West Wayne street, is visiting friends in Lagrange.

Mrs. A. A. Chapin will entertain a few friends at 5 o'clock tea tomorrow evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Yarnelle returned home last evening from Nokomis and Pana, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Creighton and family will leave tomorrow for Chicago to visit for a short time.

Miss Bowman, of Kendallville, Ind., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. A. Chapin, of Douglas avenue.

Miss Bernice McMillan returned to her home in Lima yesterday, after a visit with friends in this city.

Mrs. Charles Doubler, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Ward for a few days has returned to Wabash.

This evening Miss Winnie Dougal will entertain friends at progressive euchre at her home on East Wayne street.

Miss Emma Nile, of West Wayne street, pleasantly entertained a few of her friends last evening in honor of her eighteenth birthday.

Mrs. Ida Isshman, has returned from Titusville, Pa., where she attended the wedding of Miss Sarah Ullman and Mr. Julius Strasse, of Toledo.

Preparations are rapidly being made for the Sangerbund fair which will be held from April 7 to 14. On the last night a grand ball will be given.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncie C. Moore, of Chicago, are spending a few weeks in this city, visiting Mr. Moore's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Moore, of St. Martin street.

Mrs. M. E. Swelitzer, of Bryan, Ohio, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. F. J. Wright, of 51 West Butler street, since Saturday, returned home at noon today.

The library room in the city building will be open tomorrow afternoon from 4 to 5 o'clock to receive books. Hereafter the room will be open every Thursday afternoon.

There will be a social of the Occult Science society tonight at "The Castle," the residence of Mr. L. O. Hull, No 201 West Wayne street. Members and friends are invited to attend.

Miss Etta Hilliard, who has been visiting in this city for a few weeks, left today for Philadelphia, where, in a few days she will be married to Mr. T. Lewis. Mr. and Mrs. Lewis will reside in the east.

An interesting program, consisting of songs by the children, recitations, music by the band and responsive readings has been arranged to be given on Easter Sunday at the Indiana school for feeble minded youth.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Robinson, of East DeWald street, very pleasantly entertained a few friends last evening. Progressive euchre and sumptuous refreshments were the main features of an evening enjoyably spent.

The ladies of St. Paul M. E. church have changed the time of their dinner and supper to be given in the brick hotel at the crossing of Walton avenue and the Pittsburg railroad, from Friday, the 23d, to Tuesday, the 27th.

Mrs. Charity Wilkinson, of 225 East Washington street, was most agreeably surprised yesterday afternoon by a number of her children and grandchildren, the occasion being the anniversary of her seventy-sixth birthday. The hostess received many handsome presents.

Little things that indicate character in individuals are as certain sign posts of merit or demerit in affairs. The clean cuffed, the even shaded, the little lamb free from weeds bespeak the order within the house and consequently the sort of a woman who rules there.

Miss Emma Austin pleasantly entertained a few of her friends at her home, No. 150 Fulton street, last evening. Among those present were Mesdames A. R. Austin, L. Austin, Misses Clara Greenawald, Minnie Bragy, Edna Austin, Esther Greenawald, Messrs. Henry McKoun, Archie Minto, Jacob Schiring, Fred Wile, Fred Grammond, Wallace Mudd, Geither DeVilliss.

Every day the field of woman's labor is spreading. The latest thing in that line has developed in England, where a lady carries her boots to be fitted in boots for stylish patrons. She wears them a few days until they become easy to their owners. She charges half a crown per pair. In three days they are usually broken in and she only wears a pair two hours of each day. Sometimes she wears six different pairs in a day.

In honor of the second anniversary of the organization of the French Literature club, the Misses Lizzie and Kate Chapin gave a charming 6 o'clock dinner at their home on Douglas avenue. The table was artistically decorated in the club colors of pink and silver and the menu cards were written in French. The members of this club are Misses Grace Wolfe, Blanche Isshoch, Jennie Crighton, Lillian Pyke, Mamie Lincoln, Josephine Hartman, Lizzie and Kate Chapin.

Married, at the Hoffman house, last evening, by Rev. Dr. C. Schaaf, Mr. Fred Lenz to Miss Martha Biber, in the presence of a number of friends and relatives of the contracting parties. Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman furnished the supper and entertained the wedding guests in a royal manner. Mr. Frank Fisher was groomsman and Miss Paulina Meyer was maid of honor. Mr. Cano played several choice selections on his harp which were highly appreciated by all. Many and elaborate were the presents received by the bride and groom.

A. J. Smith, of Decatur, was in the city last night at the Randall.

There was no police court this morning.

Mayor Scherer and wife are making arrangements to visit Chicago next week.

The Order of Elks last night initiated Jake Meyers, Phil Keinitz and Sumner Randall.

Mrs. W. H. Hoham has been called to Bucyrus, Ohio, by the serious illness of her sister.

Dr. Otto Gross, of the firm of Gross & Pellens, is today rejoicing over the arrival of a daughter, born last evening.

There is a case of scarlet fever in the new Hatterdey block on East Wayne street, above John Wilkinson's Temple saloon.

W. H. Reardon, the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad man who had his skull trephined by Dr. W. H. Meyers, is doing well.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ferrell, of 12 Fairfield avenue, a fourteen pound boy. His father is an employe of the Wabash shops.

Dr. Carl Schilling is examining the new members of the St. Patrick's branch of the C. B. of A. There are about eighty-five members.

Flour Down Another 25c Bbl.

The reason of the decline is simply this: The market cost is very dull, very little demand; we have on hand a large lot purchased for shipping, but find it best to sell it here; we offer it as long as it lasts at $2.50 per barrel, either Orff's or City Mills, in Barrels only.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Mrs. Telimaque, of Berry Street,

Said to the reporter, "After looking all over town I bought my Spring Curtain and Cornice Pole at Leon's. She is a wise woman, with a level head. 109 Calhoun street.

Ladies' Oxford Gaiters, which formerly sold at $1.25 and $1, we are closing them out at 25c. Call today and secure a bargain. Also Ladies' Overshoes that must be closed out quick.
VORDERMARK & SONS,
Arcade.

Do not fail to see Ma Sweet and her family at the Baptist church Monday evening, March 26th. First appearance in Fort Wayne.

In Easy To Get a Baby

buggy at Leon's, because the assortment is so large and the prices are so low. The largest stock in Fort Wayne by all odds, 109 Calhoun street.

Our office is permanently located and we guarantee the finest work at reasonable prices.

DRS. SULLIVAN & ROGUE,
The Albany Dentists.

We intend to close out every pair of shoes in stock before opening up with our new stock, we call early and secure the greatest bargains ever offered.
VORDERMARK & SONS,
Arcade Block.

"Mrs. Cleveland's Babies,"

said the White House steward, "will ride in no other Baby Buggies than Leon's, sent them from Fort Wayne 109 Calhoun street.

Crown and bridge work, teeth without plates, finest work and special prices for ten days. Drs. Sullivan & Rogue, the Albany Dentists, second floor Bass block.

Still the goods come from out of the ruins. The footwear we sell at panic prices is as good as new. No shoddy goods.
VORDERMARK'S,
9 Arcade.

NOTICE.

To the Physicians and Midwives of Allen County and the City of Fort Wayne.

By the returns in my possession, I find that a great many physicians of this city and county have failed to report their deaths, births and contagious diseases. Physicians in the city will report to Dr. Miller, health officer. Those in the county direct to the undersigned.

The secretary of the state board of health at Indianapolis wants me to prosecute every physician who has failed to file his reports as provided by the statutes.

Those who have not filed their reports will please do so before the end of this month and avoid prosecution.

DR. CARL FRIDGEN,
Secy. Allen County Board of Health. 18eod1April

Teeth extracted free and without pain when plates are ordered, by Drs Sullivan & Rogue, the Albany Dentists, second floor Bass block, Calhoun street.

Save your money by buying your footwear at the great Vordermark Shoe Sale, No. 9 Arcade.

Hello! Central!

Give Me No. 378—Pfeiffer & Rossman, Grocery and Meat Market.

Cor. Berry & Harrison Sts., Made Bik.

I Want to Take Advantage of Those Hard Times Prices

HERE THEY ARE—

12 lbs Granulated Sugar	100
1 lb Fine Roasted Coffee	25c
4 lbs Carolina Rice	25c
3 cans Lye	25c
3 packages Gloss Starch	25c
3 packages Corn Meal	25c
3 lbs best Baking Powder (5 lbs price)	100
1 lb Rolled Oats or Oat Meal	5c
3 lb Soda	25c
3 lb Corn Starch	25c
3 lb Pepper	25c
3 lb Allspice	25c
3 lb Cloves	25c
3 lb Cinnamon	25c
3 lb Mixed Spices	25c
3 cans Mince Meat	25c
1 lb Jamaica Ginger Root	25c
20 lb Pail Buckwheat	75c
6 cakes Fine Soap	25c
GRAND TOTAL	$5.00

The above order in full, positively for cash only.

COMMON COUNCIL.

Proceedings of the Adjourned Session.

Petitions, Communication and the Report of the Committee on Elections.

The common council of the city of Fort Wayne met in the council chamber Tuesday evening, March 20th, A. D. 1894, in adjourned session. His Honor Mayor Scherer in the chair, and Ralph C. Bell, assistant clerk, at the desk and present the following members, viz:

Councilmen Beck, Cole, DeVilliss, Hanna, Hazzard, Kraus, McClelland, Meyer, F. C., Peters, Schmitt, Stallman and Wolf.

Absent, 6, viz: Councilmen Conner, Engman, Kelker, Meyer, Meyer, jr., and Oakley.

PETITIONS.

W. F. Foster and 17 others petitioned for the grading of the alley between DeWald and Berry streets, between Clinton and Harrison streets.

Referred to the committee on ways and means.

Henry Bond and others asked for a sidewalk on the south side of Hanna street, between Ninth and Tenth streets.

Referred to the committee on ways and means.

E. Rosenfeld asked for permission to build a board walk adjacent to Col. Hanna's marble establishment.

Referred to the committee on streets.

REPORT OF ELECTION COMMITTEE.

We, your committee on election, would beg leave to report that we would recommend that the voting precincts for the municipal election in the city of Fort Wayne be fixed as follows:

FIRST WARD.

First Precinct—Commencing at the northeast corner of the alley between Wayne and Berry streets, thence south along the east side of the alley to the north line of Hanna street, thence west along the north line of Hanna street to the east line of Clinton street, thence north along the east side of Clinton street to the south line of Berry street, thence east along the south line of Berry street to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Second Precinct—Commencing at the northeast corner of Wayne and Clinton streets, thence north along the east side of Clinton street to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the west line of Harmar street, thence south along the west side of Harmar street to the south line of Wayne street, thence west along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

William H. Miller, Inspector.

Third Precinct—Commencing at the intersection of Columbia avenue and Harmar street, thence north on the east side of Harmar street to the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway, thence east along the south side of said railroad to Walton avenue, thence south along the west side of Walton avenue to Columbia avenue, thence west along the north side of Columbia avenue to the place of beginning.

Fourth Precinct—Commencing at the intersection of Harmar street and Columbia avenue, thence north on the east side of Harmar street to the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway, thence east along the south side of said railroad to Walton avenue, thence south along the west side of Walton avenue to Columbia avenue, thence west along the north side of Columbia avenue to the place of beginning.

Fifth Precinct—Commencing at the intersection of Harmar street and Wayne street, thence north along the east side of Harmar street to the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway, thence east along the south side of said railroad to Walton avenue, thence south along the west side of Walton avenue to Wayne street, thence west along the north side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Louis Bruguer, Inspector.

Sixth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Wayne and Clinton streets, thence north along the west side of Clinton street to the south line of Washington street, thence west along the south side of Washington street to the east line of Lafayette street, thence south along the east side of Lafayette street to the south line of Jefferson street, thence east along the south side of Jefferson street to the place of beginning.

Louis Bruguer, Inspector.

Seventh Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Washington and Wells streets, thence north along the west side of Wells street to the south line of Lafayette street, thence west along the south side of Lafayette street to the north and south line of Clinton street, thence south along the west side of Clinton street to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Louis Bruguer, Inspector.

Eighth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Washington and Wells streets, thence north along the west side of Wells street to the south line of Lafayette street, thence west along the south side of Lafayette street to the north and south line of Clinton street, thence south along the west side of Clinton street to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Louis Bruguer, Inspector.

Ninth Precinct—Commencing at the intersection of Harmar street and Wayne street, thence north along the east side of Harmar street to the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway, thence east along the south side of said railroad to Walton avenue, thence south along the west side of Walton avenue to Wayne street, thence west along the north side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Louis Bruguer, Inspector.

Tenth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Harmar and Wayne streets, thence north along the west side of Harmar street to the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway, thence west along the south side of said railroad to Lafayette street, thence south along the east side of Lafayette street to Wayne street, thence east along the north side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Louis Bruguer, Inspector.

Eleventh Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Wells and Washington streets, thence north along the west side of Wells street to the south line of Lafayette street, thence west along the south side of Lafayette street to the north and south line of Clinton street, thence south along the west side of Clinton street to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Louis Bruguer, Inspector.

Twelfth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Washington and Wells streets, thence north along the west side of Wells street to the south line of Lafayette street, thence west along the south side of Lafayette street to the north and south line of Clinton street, thence south along the west side of Clinton street to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Louis Bruguer, Inspector.

SECOND WARD.

Fifth Precinct—Commencing at the northeast corner of Main and Lafayette streets, thence north along the east line of Lafayette street to the south line of Jefferson street, thence east along the south side of Jefferson street to the west line of Hanna street, thence south along the west line of Hanna street to the south line of Main street, thence west along the south side of Main street to the place of beginning.

Patrick Ryan, Inspector.

Sixth Precinct—Commencing at the intersection of Lafayette and Main streets, thence north along the west side of Lafayette street to the south line of Jefferson street, thence west along the south side of Jefferson street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence south along the east side of Calhoun street to the south line of Main street, thence east along the south side of Main street to the place of beginning.

Patrick Ryan, Inspector.

Seventh Precinct—Commencing at the intersection of Calhoun street and Jefferson street, thence north along the west side of Calhoun street to the south line of Washington street, thence west along the south side of Washington street to the east line of Harrison street, thence south along the east side of Harrison street to the south line of Main street, thence east along the south side of Main street to the place of beginning.

Patrick Ryan, Inspector.

Eighth Precinct—Commencing at the northeast corner of Jefferson and Calhoun streets, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to the south line of Washington street, thence west along the south side of Washington street to the east line of Harrison street, thence south along the east side of Harrison street to the south line of Jefferson street, thence east along the south side of Jefferson street to the place of beginning.

Patrick Ryan, Inspector.

THIRD WARD.

Ninth Precinct—Commencing at the northeast corner of Lafayette and Washington streets, thence north along the west side of Lafayette street to the south line of Leo street, thence west along the south side of Leo street to the east line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the east side of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Tenth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Lafayette and Washington streets, thence north along the west side of Lafayette street to the south line of Leo street, thence west along the south side of Leo street to the east line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the east side of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Eleventh Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Washington and Wells streets, thence north along the west side of Wells street to the south line of Leo street, thence west along the south side of Leo street to the east line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the east side of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Twelfth Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Wells and Washington streets, thence north along the west side of Wells street to the south line of Leo street, thence west along the south side of Leo street to the east line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the east side of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Thirteenth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Washington and Wells streets, thence north along the west side of Wells street to the south line of Lafayette street, thence west along the south side of Lafayette street to the north and south line of Clinton street, thence south along the west side of Clinton street to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Fourteenth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Lafayette and Washington streets, thence north along the west side of Lafayette street to the south line of Leo street, thence west along the south side of Leo street to the east line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the east side of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Fifteenth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Lafayette and Washington streets, thence north along the west side of Lafayette street to the south line of Leo street, thence west along the south side of Leo street to the east line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the east side of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Sixteenth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Lafayette and Washington streets, thence north along the west side of Lafayette street to the south line of Leo street, thence west along the south side of Leo street to the east line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the east side of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Seventeenth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Lafayette and Washington streets, thence north along the west side of Lafayette street to the south line of Leo street, thence west along the south side of Leo street to the east line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the east side of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Eighteenth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Lafayette and Washington streets, thence north along the west side of Lafayette street to the south line of Leo street, thence west along the south side of Leo street to the east line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the east side of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Washington street, thence east along the south side of Washington street to the place of beginning.

Nineteenth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Lafayette and Berry streets, thence west along the north line of Berry street to the east line of Clinton street, thence north along the east side of Clinton street to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence east along the south line of Rockville avenue to the west line of Lafayette street, thence south along the west side of Lafayette street to the place of beginning.

Twenty-first Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Calhoun and Superior streets, thence south along the west line of Calhoun street to the south line of Superior street, thence east along the south line of Superior street to the west line of Fairfield avenue, thence north on the west line of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence west along the south line of Rockville avenue to the place of beginning.

Twenty-second Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Calhoun and Superior streets, thence south along the west line of Calhoun street to the south line of Superior street, thence east along the south line of Superior street to the west line of Fairfield avenue, thence north on the west line of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence west along the south line of Rockville avenue to the place of beginning.

Twenty-third Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Superior and Fairfield avenue, thence south along the west line of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Superior street, thence east along the south line of Superior street to the east line of Lafayette street, thence north along the east line of Lafayette street to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence west along the south line of Rockville avenue to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Twenty-fourth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Superior and Fairfield avenue, thence south along the west line of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Superior street, thence east along the south line of Superior street to the west line of Lafayette street, thence north along the west line of Lafayette street to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence west along the south line of Rockville avenue to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Twenty-fifth Precinct—Commencing at the northeast corner of Superior and Fairfield avenue, thence north along the east line of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Lafayette street, thence east along the south line of Lafayette street to the west line of Hanna street, thence south along the west line of Hanna street to the south line of Superior street, thence west along the south line of Superior street to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Twenty-sixth Precinct—Commencing at the northeast corner of Superior and Fairfield avenue, thence north along the east line of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Lafayette street, thence east along the south line of Lafayette street to the west line of Hanna street, thence south along the west line of Hanna street to the south line of Superior street, thence west along the south line of Superior street to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Twenty-seventh Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Fourth and Wells streets, thence north along the west side of Wells street to Aperley avenue, thence west along the south side of Aperley avenue to the west line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the west line of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Fourth street, thence east along the south line of Fourth street to the place of beginning.

Henry Lickey, Inspector.

Twenty-eighth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Fourth and Wells streets, thence north along the west side of Wells street to the south line of Aperley avenue, thence west along the south side of Aperley avenue to the west line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the west line of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Fourth street, thence east along the south line of Fourth street to the place of beginning.

Henry Lickey, Inspector.

Twenty-ninth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Fourth and Wells streets, thence north along the west side of Wells street to the south line of Aperley avenue, thence west along the south side of Aperley avenue to the west line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the west line of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Fourth street, thence east along the south line of Fourth street to the place of beginning.

Henry Lickey, Inspector.

Thirty-second Precinct—Commencing at the northeast corner of Fourth and Wells streets, thence north along the west side of Wells street to the south line of Aperley avenue, thence west along the south side of Aperley avenue to the west line of Fairfield avenue, thence south along the west line of Fairfield avenue to the south line of Fourth street, thence east along the south line of Fourth street to the place of beginning.

Henry Lickey, Inspector.

Thirty-third Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Hanna and Berry streets, thence north along the west side of Hanna street to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence west along the south line of Rockville avenue to the east line of Clinton street, thence south along the east line of Clinton street to the south line of Berry street, thence east along the south side of Berry street to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Thirty-fourth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Hanna and Rockville streets, thence north along the west side of Hanna street to the south line of Superior street, thence west along the south side of Superior street to the east line of Clinton street, thence south along the east side of Clinton street to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence east along the south side of Rockville avenue to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Thirty-fifth Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Hanna and Berry streets, thence north along the west side of Hanna street to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence west along the south side of Rockville avenue to the east line of Clinton street, thence south along the east side of Clinton street to the south line of Berry street, thence east along the south side of Berry street to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Thirty-sixth Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Hanna and Rockville streets, thence north along the west side of Hanna street to the south line of Superior street, thence west along the south side of Superior street to the east line of Clinton street, thence south along the east side of Clinton street to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence east along the south side of Rockville avenue to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Thirty-seventh Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Hanna and Superior streets, thence north along the west side of Hanna street to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence west along the south side of Rockville avenue to the east line of Clinton street, thence south along the east side of Clinton street to the south line of Superior street, thence east along the south side of Superior street to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Thirty-eighth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Hanna and Rockville streets, thence north along the west side of Hanna street to the south line of Superior street, thence west along the south side of Superior street to the east line of Clinton street, thence south along the east side of Clinton street to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence east along the south side of Rockville avenue to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Thirty-ninth Precinct—Commencing at the northwest corner of Hanna and Superior streets, thence north along the west side of Hanna street to the south line of Rockville avenue, thence west along the south side of Rockville avenue to the east line of Clinton street, thence south along the east side of Clinton street to the south line of Superior street, thence east along the south side of Superior street to the place of beginning.

Clinton E. Kunz, Inspector.

Fortieth Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Wayne street and Broadway, thence north along the west side of Broadway to the alley between Berry and Wayne streets, thence west along the south side of said alley to the city limits, thence north along the city limits to the south side of Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.

Forty-first Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Broadway and Wayne streets, thence south along the west side of Broadway to the south line of Berry street, thence west along the south side of Berry street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.

Forty-second Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Broadway and Wayne streets, thence south along the west side of Broadway to the south line of Berry street, thence west along the south side of Berry street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.

Forty-third Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Broadway and Wayne streets, thence south along the west side of Broadway to the south line of Berry street, thence west along the south side of Berry street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.

Forty-second Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Broadway and Wayne streets, thence south along the west side of Broadway to the south line of Berry street, thence west along the south side of Berry street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.

Forty-third Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Broadway and Wayne streets, thence south along the west side of Broadway to the south line of Berry street, thence west along the south side of Berry street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.

Forty-fourth Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Broadway and Wayne streets, thence south along the west side of Broadway to the south line of Berry street, thence west along the south side of Berry street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.

Forty-fifth Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Broadway and Wayne streets, thence south along the west side of Broadway to the south line of Berry street, thence west along the south side of Berry street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.

Forty-sixth Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Broadway and Wayne streets, thence south along the west side of Broadway to the south line of Berry street, thence west along the south side of Berry street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.

Forty-seventh Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Broadway and Wayne streets, thence south along the west side of Broadway to the south line of Berry street, thence west along the south side of Berry street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.

Forty-eighth Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Broadway and Wayne streets, thence south along the west side of Broadway to the south line of Berry street, thence west along the south side of Berry street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.

Forty-ninth Precinct—Commencing at the southwest corner of Broadway and Wayne streets, thence south along the west side of Broadway to the south line of Berry street, thence west along the south side of Berry street to the east line of Calhoun street, thence north along the east side of Calhoun street to Wayne street, thence east along the south side of Wayne street to the place of beginning.

Jacob Schmitt, Inspector.